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**Draft resolution submitted by the Vice-Chairman of the Committee,
Mr. Odyek Agona (Uganda), on the basis of informal consultations
held on draft resolution A/C.2/53/L.20**

Role of the United Nations in promoting development in the context of globalization and interdependence

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming the principles and purposes of the Charter of the United Nations, particularly as regard the role of the United Nations in promoting international economic and social cooperation, including seeking solutions to international economic, social and related problems,

Recognizing the challenges and opportunities to globalization and interdependence,

Expressing concern over the serious risks of marginalization of a large number of developing countries from the globalization process, including in the finance and trade sectors, and the increasing vulnerability of those developing countries which are integrating into the world economy, resulting particularly from the volatility of short-term capital flows and the accentuation of income disparities within and among countries,

Mindful, in the process of trade liberalization, of the diminution of trade preferential margins for developing countries, particularly least developed countries and small island developing States, and of the need for countries to take measures, as appropriate, in accordance with the rules of the World Trade Organization, to address, with a view to offsetting, that diminution,

Recognizing that globalization and interdependence have opened new opportunities through increased trade and capital flows and advancement in technology, for the growth of the world economy, for development and for the improvement of living standards around the world,

Underlining the need to work on a wide range of reforms to create a strengthened international financial system,

Stressing the importance of promoting the integration of developing countries into the world economy to allow them to take the fullest possible advantage of the trading opportunities arising from globalization and liberalization,

Emphasizing that technical assistance is also vital in enabling developing countries to benefit from the international trading environment,

Underlining the urgent need to mitigate the negative consequences of globalization and interdependence so as to realize the mutually reinforcing objectives of poverty eradication and development,

Reiterating that the United Nations is in a unique position, as a universal forum, to achieve international cooperation in addressing the challenges of promoting development in the context of globalization and interdependence,

Emphasizing that the United Nations system has a key role in fostering greater coherence, complementarity and coordination in economic and development issues at the global level,

Recognizing the importance of appropriate policy responses at the national level by all countries to the challenges of globalization, in particular by pursuing sound macroeconomic and social policies, noting the need for support from the international community for the efforts, in particular of the least developed countries, to improve their institutional and management capacities, and also recognizing that all countries should pursue policies conducive to economic growth and to promoting a favourable global economic environment,

Recalling the outcome of the ninth session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, held at Midrand, South Africa, from 27 April to 11 May 1996,¹ which provides an important framework for promoting partnership for growth and development in the context of globalization and interdependence,

Noting the special high-level dialogue between the Economic and Social Council and the Bretton Woods institutions, held on 18 April 1998, and the ministerial communiqué adopted by the Economic and Social Council at the high-level segment on market access of its 1998 substantive session,

Recalling the widely shared desire expressed at the high-level dialogue, held on 17 and 18 September 1998, which constituted a renewal of the dialogue on strengthening international cooperation for development through partnership, to continue discussions with a view to developing a coherent and effective response to the opportunities and challenges being offered by globalization and interdependence,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on the causes of conflict and the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa,² wherein he identified, *inter alia*, the obstacles to the full participation of the African economies in the globalization process,

1. *Reaffirms* that the United Nations has a central role to play in promoting international cooperation for development and in providing guidance on global development issues, including in the context of globalization and interdependence;

¹ TD/377.

² A/52/871-S/1998/318.

2. *Re-emphasizes* the importance of recognizing the needs of developing countries, particularly the special needs of least developed countries and the small island developing States, in the context of globalization, and urges the international community, including the World Trade Organization, to continue to grant a more preferential treatment to developing countries, including the least developed countries and the small island developing States;

3. *Welcomes* the efforts of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and the International Trade Centre to help developing countries, in particular the least developed countries and the small island developing States, address their specific concerns within the globalizing economy, in particular through technology-related assistance in the fields of trade, policy, improvement of trade efficiency and policies and trade in services, in particular in electronic commerce;

4. *Emphasizes* the importance of recognizing and addressing the specific concerns of economies in transition so as to help them to benefit from globalization with a view to their full integration into the world economy;

5. *Underlines* the need to continue to work to ensure the full participation of all the developing countries in the benefits of globalization and also the need to reduce their vulnerability to the negative impacts of globalization and interdependence;

6. *Emphasizes* that concerted efforts should be made, through enhanced cooperation and coordination among all the relevant fora and institutions, to minimize the negative impacts and maximize the benefits of globalization and interdependence for the developing countries;

7. *Stresses* the importance, at the national level, of maintaining sound macroeconomic policies and developing effective institutional and regulatory frameworks and human resources;

8. *Strongly underlines* the importance of an enabling environment for investment, in particular foreign direct investment, market access, good governance, increase in the volume and effectiveness of official development assistance, tackling of unsustainable debt burdens, including through debt conversion measures, flexibility in the heavily indebted poor countries initiative and support for regional cooperation and integration as priority areas that need to be addressed in order to achieve sustainable development in all African countries and to encourage the participation of all African countries in the global economy, as recommended in the report of the Secretary-General;²

9. *Stresses* the need for continued and constructive dialogue in the appropriate fora among developed and developing countries on issues related to strengthening and reforming the international financial architecture;

10. *Recognizes* the urgency of working together in developing a global approach to mitigate the negative consequences of globalization and interdependence, taking into account the specific vulnerabilities, concerns and needs of developing countries;

11. *Invites* the Economic and Social Council and the Bretton Woods institutions to also address in their high-level dialogue, in the spring of 1999, ways and means to optimize the benefits and minimize the negative consequences of globalization and interdependence, in particular for the developing countries;

12. *Requests* the Secretary-General to prepare an analytical report, in collaboration with the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and in consultation with relevant organizations, in particular the World Trade Organization, the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank and the regional commissions, to be submitted to the fifty-fourth session of the General Assembly, that examines the interrelated issues in order to facilitate better understanding of globalization and make recommendations on, *inter alia*:

(a) The role of the United Nations in promoting development in the context of globalization and interdependence;

(b) Promoting coherence, complementarity and coordination on economic and development issues at the global level in order to optimize the benefits and limit the negative consequences of globalization and interdependence;

13. *Decides* to include in the agenda of its fifty-fourth session an item entitled "Globalization and interdependence".
